

Global Water Quality Modelling Assessments and the SDGs

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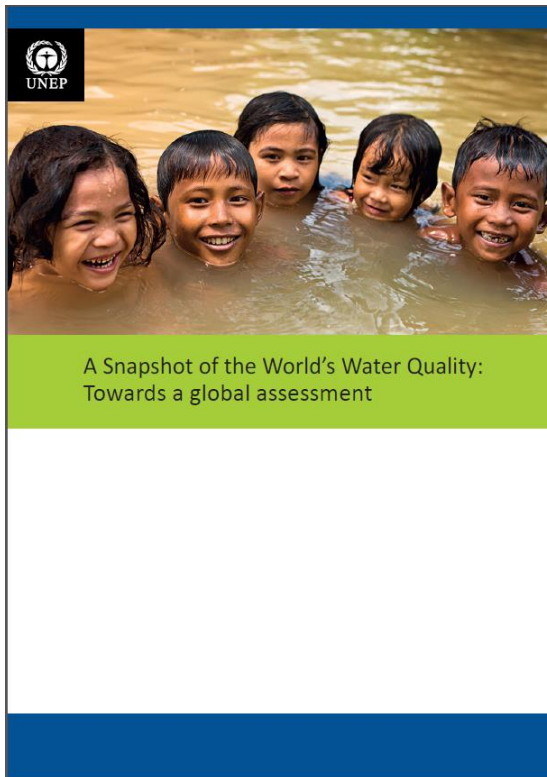


U N I K A S S E L
V E R S I T Ä T

*Session “Pollution-driven water scarcity for
ecosystems and human uses worldwide”*

World Water Week, Stockholm, 26 August 2018

Global Water Quality Assessment – Snapshot report



UNEP (2016)

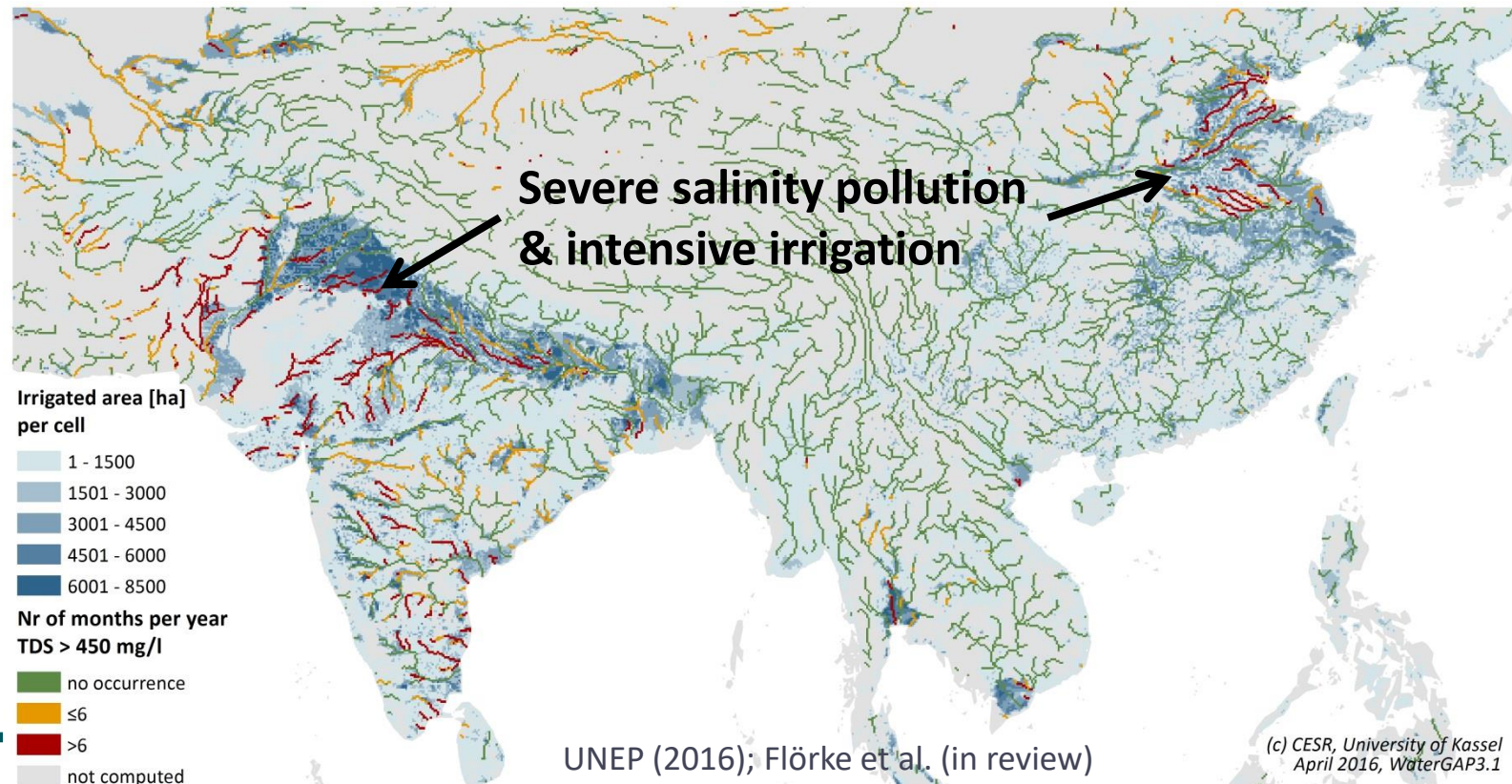
<http://www.wwqa-documentation.info>

Key findings:

- Water pollution serious and getting worse in Latin America, Africa, and Asia,
 - Severe pathogen pollution → 1/3 all river kms
 - Severe organic pollution → 1/7 all river kms
 - Severe & moderate salinity pollution → 1/10 all river kms
- Emerging and persistent water quality problems in industrialized countries – e.g. pharmaceutical residues, eutrophication, ...
- Majority of rivers in developing countries still in good condition → Great opportunities for short-cutting further pollution and restoring the rivers that are polluted. → Mix of management & technical options supported by good governance

Threat of water pollution to food security using salinity pollution as an example

Constrains water use for irrigation → Agricultural production → Food security
 → Cost of no action may result in 15-69% losses (depending on the crops grown)
 → Scarcity of suitable water supply



Important global water quality changes are occurring and they are linked to the SDGs

There is an SDG water quality target:

Goal 6. “Ensure availability and sustainable management of water and sanitation for all”

Target 6.3 Water quality and wastewater:

“By 2030, improve water quality by reducing pollution, eliminating dumping and minimizing release of hazardous chemicals and materials, halving the proportion of untreated wastewater and substantially increasing recycling and safe reuse globally”



→ **Linkage with agriculture and food, energy production, sustainable consumption and production, freshwater ecosystems,...**

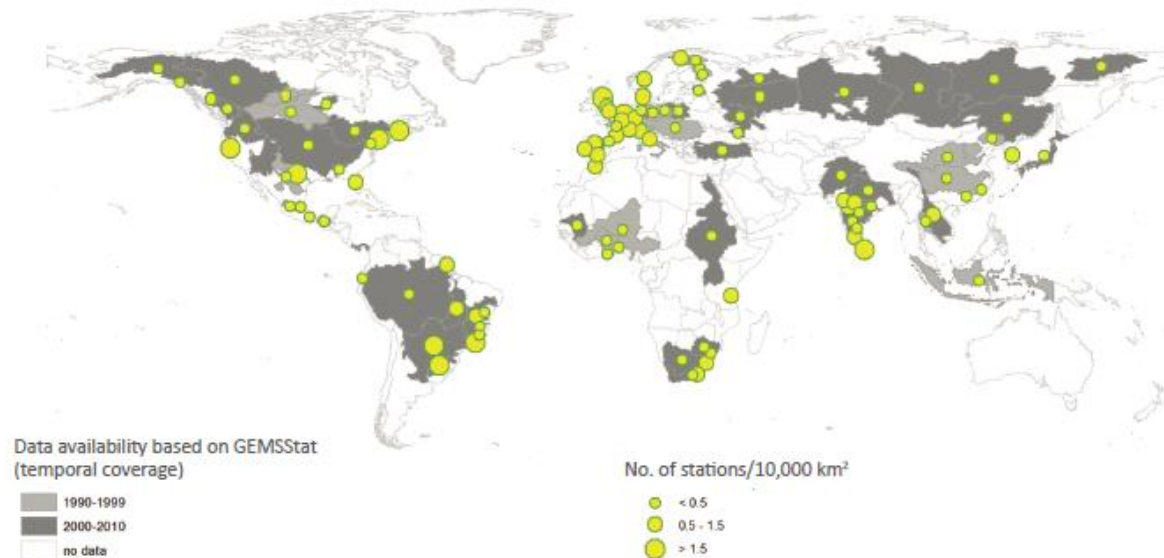


Water quality and SDGs: Core questions to be answered

- How can the water quality target be achieved?
- How will worsening water pollution affect the SDGs for health, food & energy security, consumption & production, biodiversity ... ?
- How can actions to protect and enhance water quality help to meet other SDGs?
- How can major investments be made to exploit synergies and manage trade-offs among SDGs?

Water quality modelling assessments and SDGs

- ✓ Analysis and evaluation of complex interlinkages requires systems approach → based on measurements and supported by modelling tools



- ✓ Development of solutions that turn trade-offs into synergies
- ✓ Assessing scenarios to be better prepared for the future
- ✓ Generation of policy-relevant information for policy makers & stakeholders



Thank you for your attention

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